SULIT 1119/1 Bahasa Inggeris Kertas 1 Ogos 2010 1 3/4 jam

1119/1

PERSIDANGAN KEBANGSAAN PENGETUA-PENGETUA SEKOLAH MENENGAH NEGERI KEDAH DARUL AMAN

PEPERIKSAAN PERCUBAAN SPM 2010

BAHASA INGGERIS

Kertas 1

Satu jam empat puluh lima minit

JANGAN BUKA KERTAS SOALAN INI SEHINGGA DIBERITAHU

Arahan

- 1. Kertas soalan ini mengandungi dua bahagian.
- 2. Jawab kedua-dua bahagian.
- Anda dinasihatkan supaya mengambil masa 45 minit untuk menjawab soalan dalam Bahagian A dan 1 jam untuk menjawab soalan dalam Bahagian B.

Instructions

- 1. This question paper consists of two sections.
- 2. Answer both sections.
- 3. You are advised to spend about 45 minutes on Section A and 1 hour on Section B.

Kertas soalan ini mengandungi 3 halaman bercetak

Section A: Directed Writing

[35 *marks*]

The Interact Club of your school plans to organise a programme to encourage the needy students to read newspapers. As the Secretary of the club, write a letter to the manager of a factory asking for newspaper sponsorship.

In your letter, include the following:

- name of programme: Read and Reach Out
- objectives
 - encourage charity work among members
 - develop interest in reading
 - instil moral values
- duration: August to October
- number of copies required
- frequency: once a week
- name of newspaper
- target group: students from families with income lower than RM600 per month
- contact number and person for enquiry
- · expression of gratitude

Do remember to:

- · set out the letter correctly
- use all the points given
- add any other relevant details
- write in paragraphs

Section B: Continuous Writing

[50 *marks*]

Write a composition of about 350 words on one of the following topics:

- 1 Ways to make school life more interesting
- 2 Winning does not matter. Do you agree?
- 3 A perfect date
- 4 Questions
- 5 Write a story beginning with: I was forgiven for my mistake

KERTAS SOALAN TAMAT

SULIT 1119/2 Bahasa Inggeris Kertas 2 Ogos 2010 2 1/4 jam

No Kad Pengenalan Angka Giliran

PERSIDANGAN KEBANGSAAN PENGETUA-PENGETUA SEKOLAH MENENGAH NEGERI KEDAH DARUL AMAN

PEPERIKSAAN PERCUBAAN SPM 2010

BAHASA INGGERIS

Kertas 2

Dua jam lima belas minit

JANGAN BUKA KERTAS SOALAN INI SEHINGGA DIBERITAHU

Arahan

- 1. Kertas soalan ini mengandungi empat bahagian.
- 2. Jawab semua bahagian.
- Anda dinasihatkan supaya mengambil masa 25 minit untuk menjawab soalan Bahagian A, 25 minit untuk Bahagian B, 50 minit untuk Bahagian C dan 35 minit untuk Bahagian D.

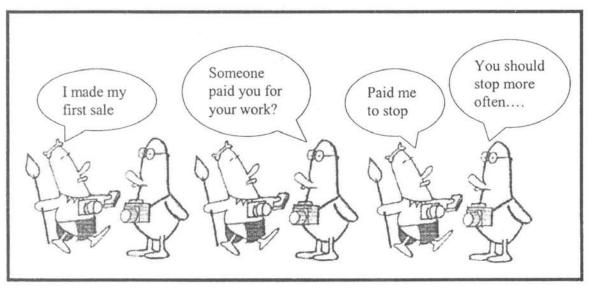
Instructions

- 1. This question paper consists of four sections.
- 2. Answer all sections.
- 3. You are advised to spend about 25 minutes on Section A, 25 minutes on Section B, 50 minutes on Section C and 35 minutes on Section D.

Kertas soalan ini mengandungi 17 halaman bercetak

Section A

[15 marks]



- 1 From the cartoon, we can assume that the bespectacled duck is
 - A being paid
 - B giving opinion
 - C being sarcastic
 - D giving advice

PURE HONEY EXTRACT

Just take it 3 - 4 times a week

You will be rewarded with lighter body, flawless skin



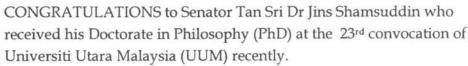
More importantly a youthful look

- 2 If we take Pure Honey Extract, it
 - A will make us young
 - B must be taken daily
 - C may increase our weight
 - D can improve our complexion

Baram: Driving a four-wheel drive vehicle may sound cool and challenging to most people, especially in the hilly terrains of interior Sarawak but for 30-year- old Cecilia Lungan Malang plying along the timber tracks in Sarawak's outback daily is like driving on any highway in the world.

- 3 Unlike most people, Cecilia finds driving in the terrains of Sarawak
 - A thrilling
 - B easy
 - C scary
 - D challenging

Jins proves age is no barrier



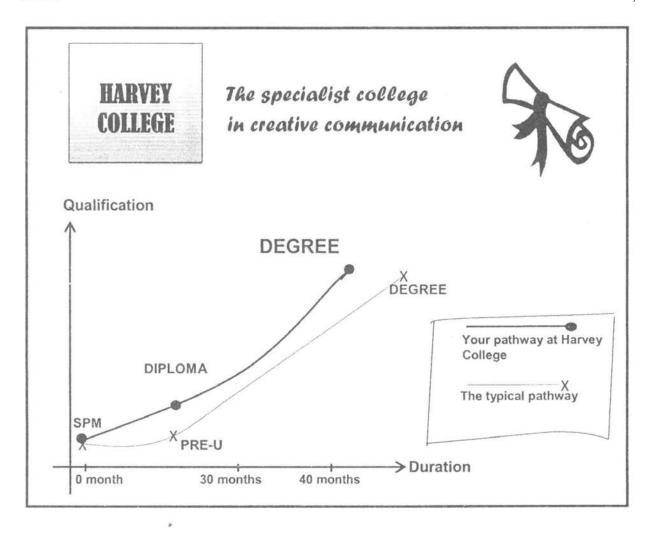


At 75, Dr Jins was the oldest student in his class and probably the entire university. To complete his thesis "Filem Melayu 1930an dan 1960an sebagai Citra Budaya dan Sejarah Negara", he had to commute regularly for two years between Kuala Lumpur and Sintok.

He has proven one thing: Age is not a barrier to achieving whatever one has set one's mind to achieve in life.

WM RAMLI Ulu Klang

- 4 WM Ramli is proud of Dr Jins because he
 - A completed his thesis successfully
 - B graduated from UUM recently
 - C obtained his PhD at 75 years old
 - D commuted between KL and Sintok



- 5 From the graph, we can conclude that
 - A everyone can attain a degree in 40 months
 - B a diploma is guaranteed in the normal pathway
 - C students can graduate earlier at Harvey College
 - D Pre-U is necessary for students studying at Harvey College

SHALIN'S TITLE HOPES UP IN SMOKE

- 6 The phrase up in smoke in the caption above can best be replaced with
 - A burnt
 - B realised
 - C achieved
 - D shattered

Questions 7 - 8 are based on the following extract.

In the frozen food section of a local supermarket, I observed a man shopping with his young son. As I walked by, he crossed something off his list at random and whispered to his son, "You know, if we really mess this up we'll never have to do it again."

- From the extract, what does *it* refer to?
 - A Crossing off the list
 - B Shopping with his son
 - C Buying groceries at supermarket
 - **D** Going to the frozen food section
- 8 How does the man feel about shopping?
 - A He thinks it is pleasant.
 - **B** He dislikes doing the task.
 - C He finds it not challenging.
 - **D** He looks forward to it.

12

A

B

C

D

providing

provided

provides

provide

Questions 9 – 15 are based on the following passage.

The Frangipani Langkawi Resort & Spa is encouraging guests to help green the
resort in support of the staff's environmental efforts. Recently, nine travel agents from
Germany, 9 by Navid Ghadimi from the Tourism Malaysia office in Germany, visited
the resort and planted trees including the frangipani.

Ghadimi said, "We were ______10___ when we heard about the staff's greening policies. In Germany, people are very conscious of human impact _______11___ the environment. By planting the trees, we will always have something to return to in Langkawi. We all want to see the trees grow and _______ a habitat for some of the island's wildlife. The next time we return, we look forward to _______ more birds at the resort."

Resort owner Anthony Wong said that <u>14</u> many Malaysian resorts are making an effort to reduce, reuse and recycle resources, Frangipani Langkawi <u>15</u> proud to be a model green resort from which others can learn.

(Adapted from Times Travel, February 2010)

9	A	favoured	13	A	seeing
	В	managed		В	see
	C	run		C	seen
	D	led		D	saw
10	A	supportive	14	A	despite
	В	supporting		В	while
	C	supported		C	hence
	D	support		D	moreover
11	A	with	15	A	is
	В	upon		В	are
	C	for		C	was
	D	in		D	were

Section B

[10 marks]

Questions 16 - 25

Read the article below and use the information given to complete the table that follows.

BIG BIRDS DRAW THE CROWDS

Racers of a different kind are on the track at the Jelita Ostrich Show Farm in Pantai Road, near Seremban.



These racers sit astride the big birds and pit their skills against each other, much to the amazement of the visitors to the farm. The show farm, the first in Malaysia, has been home to more than 80 ostriches for the past decade. It is the largest in South East Asia and earned its listing in the Malaysia Book of Records in 1999.

The farm is owned by banker S.S. Abraham, who was impressed by the birds when he toured South Africa 12 years ago.

Among the ostrich by-products sold at the farm are ostrich oil, its own range of cosmetics and hair care products which are endorsed by the Health Ministry. Ostrich oil has virtually no cholesterol and can be used in the production of ice cream and chocolates. It is believed that this oil can slow down the ageing process and help relieve pain.

Some other attractions at the farm are ostrich ride and egg painting. However the greatest draw is the ostrich chariot ride, which is the first of its kind in the world.

(Adapted from The Star, 19 March 2010)

Questions 16 – 25

Using the information from the article, write short answers in the spaces provided.

Name of farm:	16			
Location:	17			
Owner:	18			
	19			
Benefits of ostrich oil:	20			
	21			
22 The ostrich by-pro-	ducts are approved by			
23 One unique activity that attracts the most people is				
24 S.S. Abraham was	inspired to set up the farm after he			
25 The farm has a pla	ace in the Malaysia Book of Records because			

10

Section C [25 marks]

Questions 26 – 31 are based on the following passage.

- The first time I saw Mercedes-Rae Clarke, she was in Year 7, standing in the school yard, a tiny girl with big brown eyes and an impish smile. She was 12 years old then and a new friend of my daughter Kate. She had a big smile and a big laugh for someone so petite and delicate. The other girls towered over her.
- 2 For months I had heard about Mercedes whom Kate fondly called Merch. Mercedes had just moved here earlier that year. Soon she was among the most popular in the crowd and all the girls wanted to be her friend, consulting her on hair and clothes as she loved to try new hairstyles and clothes. Kate would say, "Merch says this" and "Merch does that". Over the next 18 months, I got to know her, driving her in a carpool to dance class each week. This is the Mercedes I knew: a well-liked angel.
- A few times, on dance-class nights, her mother, Sherry would call to say she could not get away from work yet. Could Mercedes stay with us until she could pick her up? Sherry worked at a downtown funeral home as a mortician. I knew her call meant a family was having trouble with a death and she needed to spend extra time with them. "Of course," I would say, knowing first-hand the juggle working mothers do to keep children safe with friends.
- Mercedes, who loved to shop and socialise, was at our house, before the fateful day that changed everything. Kate and Mercedes spent a lazy Saturday afternoon around our backyard, jumping and laughing on the trampoline. She even posed and made funny faces in front of the camera. That was the typical Mercedes moment: a girl with boundless energy.
- On Monday around dinner time, Kate burst out of her room, tears streaming down her face. Mercedes, she wailed, had tried ecstasy and her condition was critical. She had never taken any drugs before. The adventurous Mercedes had decided to try a tiny pink pill given to her by a friend. When Mercedes swallowed it, she began to vomit. Soon, she complained of a terrible headache and that she could not see. Then her eyes rolled back into her head and her body contorted in a seizure. Her friend ran to the nearby house of a family friend to get help.
- When Sherry arrived at the hospital about 90 minutes later, Mercedes was unconscious and medical staff were frantically working to revive her. She never woke up again. Over the next 24 hours she continued to have seizures and her blood pressure sky-rocketed. Doctors did their best but all their efforts were futile. Mercedes even had multiple heart attacks. By late Monday night, Mercedes' brain scan showed no activity. Everyone prayed for a miracle to save her when she was placed on a life-support machine. Sherry was faced with what must be a parent's most agonising 35 decision: to disconnect her child from life-support and watch her die.
- For Sherry, there are important messages she wants the world to know. Mercedes was a good girl from a good home who had made a single bad decision. Ecstasy is seen as the fun drug, the one to take to a party and have a good time with. But ecstasy can kill too. Sherry wants other kids to remember Mercedes. "If you hear friends talking

about trying ecstasy", she pleads, "have the courage to tell a parent or a teacher. It could save a life. Mercedes made a mistake for all of you."

26	(Adapted from <i>The Reader's Digest</i> , July 2007) From paragraph 1,
	(a) where was Mercedes when the writer saw her for the first time?
	[1 mark]
	(b) what does the phrase towered over her mean?
	[1 <i>mark</i>]
27	(a) From paragraph 2, what beauty tips did Mercedes give to her friends?
	[1 <i>mar</i> k]
	(b) From paragraph 3, why did Sherry sometimes come back late from work?
	[1 mark]
28	
20	From paragraph 5,
	(a) why was Kate crying?
	[1 mark]
	(b) what was Mercedes' immediate reaction after swallowing the pill?
	[1 mark]
29	From paragraph 6, what could possibly save Mercedes after all the doctors' efforts were futile?
	[1 mark]
30	From paragraph 7,
	(a) what is the important message Sherry wants to convey about ecstasy?
	[1 mark]
	(b) In your words, explain what Sherry means when she says "Mercedes made a mistake for all of you."
	[2 [2]

- 31 Based on the passage given, write a summary on:
 - how the writer described Mercedes
 - her condition at the hospital after she swallowed the pill

Credit will be given for use of own words but care must be taken not to change the original meaning.

Your summary must

- be in continuous writing (not in note form)
- use materials from lines 6-36

Begin your summary as follows:

• not be longer than 130 words, including the 10 words given below

Mercedes who had just moved there earlier that year was	
	[15 marks]
, ·	
	•••••

ANSWER SHEET FOR QUESTION 31

*

Section D

[25 marks]

32 Read the poem 'Sonnet 18' and answer the questions that follow.

Shall I compare thee to a summer's day?

Thou art more lovely and more temperate.

Rough winds do shake the darling buds of May,

And summer's lease hath all too short a date:

Sometime too hot the eye of heaven shines,

And often is his gold complexion dimm'd;

And every fair from fair sometimes declines,

By chance, or nature's changing course, untrimm'd;

But thy eternal summer shall not fade

Nor lose possession of that fair thou ow'st;

Nor shall Death brag thou wand'rest in his shade,

When in eternal lines to time thou grow'st.

So long as men can breathe, or eyes can see,

So long lives this, and this gives life to thee.

William Shakespeare

(a)	Who does thou in line 2 refer to?
	[1 mark]
(b)	What does the line And summer's lease hath all too short a date mean?
	[1 mark]
(c)	Which line tells us how beauty can fade?
	[1 mark]
(d)	Would you show your love for someone through a poem? Give a reason to support your answer.
	[2 marks]

33 Read the extract from the short story Looking For A Rain God below and answer the questions that follow.

Finally, an ancient memory stirred in the old man, Mokgobja. When he was very young and the customs of the ancestors still ruled the land, he had been witness to a rain-making ceremony. And he came alive a little struggling to recall the details which had been buried by years and years of prayer in a Christian church. As soon as the mists cleared a little, he began consulting in whispers with his youngest son, Ramadi. There was, he said, a certain rain god who accepted only the sacrifice of the bodies of the children. Then the rain would fall, then the crops would grow, he said. He explained the ritual as he talked, his memory became a conviction and he began to talk with unshakeable authority. Ramadi's nerves were smashed by the wailing of the women and soon the two men began whispering with the two women. The children continued their game: "You stupid thing! How could you have lost the money on the way to the shop! You must have been playing again!"

(a)	ceremony?
	[1 mark]
(b)	Who are the women mentioned in the extract?
	[1 mark]
(c)	What caused Ramadi's nerves to finally break?
	[1 mark
(d)	We should always obey our elders. Do you agree? Using your own words, give a reason to support your answer.
	[2 marks

34

The following are the	e novels stu	idied in the literature component in English Language.
Jungle of Hope	-	Keris Mas
The Pearl	-	John Steinbeck
The Return	-	K.S. Maniam
Choose any one of the	ne novels al	bove and answer the question below.
		o achieve one's dream'. you have read? Support your answer with close
reference to the text.		
p		
		••••••

16

SULIT

[15 marks]

j*k

FOR SECTION A

Blacken only **one** space for each question. If you wish to change your answer, erase the blackened mark that you have made. Then blacken the space for the new answer.

EXAMPLE:

A B D

1	(A)	(B)	(C)	D

2 A B C D

3 (A) (B) (C) (D)

4 (A) (B) (C) (D)

5 (A) (B) (C) (D)

6 (A) (B) (C) (D)

7 (A) (B) (C) (D)

8 (A) (B) (C) (D)

9 A B C D	9	A	B	(C)	D
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10 A B C D

11 (A) (B) (C) (D)

12 A B C D

13 (A) (B) (C) (D)

14 (A) (B) (C) (D)

15 (A) (B) (C) (D)

For examiner's use		
Section	Marks	
А	15	
В	10	
С	25	
D	25	
Total	75	

SULIT

OGOS 2010

PEPERIKSAAN PERCUBAAN SIJIL PEPERIKSAAN MALAYSIA 2010

SKEMA PEMARKAHAN

BAHASA INGGERIS KERTAS 1 DAN 2

1119/1 1119/2

OVERALL ASSESSMENT OF PAPERS 1 AND 2

PAPER 1

SECTION A – DIRECTED WRITING

Maximum Marks

Content 15 marks Language 20 marks

Total 35 marks

Detailed Marking Instructions

FORMAT 3 MARKS CONTENT 12 MARKS LANGUAGE 20 MARKS

TOTAL 35 MARKS

Format:	3 Marks	F1 F2 F3	Sender's and recipient's addresses Date and salutation Closing – Yours faithfully, Signature (NAME)	1 mark 1 mark 1 mark
Content:	12 Marks	C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 C10 C11 C12	name of programme: Read and Reach Out encourage charity work among members develop interest in reading instil moral values duration – August to October number of copies required frequency: once a week name of newspaper students from families with income lower than RM600 per month contact number contact person expression of gratitude	1 mark

Language: 20 Marks Marks are awarded for:

- (i) Accurate English
- (ii) Style and Tone appropriate to the task

Refer to the language Criteria

DIRECTED WRITING: CRITERIA FOR MARKING LANGUAGE

Mark Range	Description
A 19 – 20	Language accurate with maybe occasional first draft slips. Varied sentence structures in length and type. Some apt sophisticated vocabulary. Punctuation and spelling accurate. Paragraphs well-linked and show unity. Style and tone appropriate.
B 16 – 18	Language almost always accurate. Errors arise because of attempt to use more ambitious structures. Varied sentence structures. Wide vocabulary and spelling nearly always accurate. Paragraphs appropriately linked. Style and tone generally appropriate.
C 13 – 15	Language largely accurate. Simple structures used without errors. Mistakes may occur when more sophisticated structures are attempted. Adequate vocabulary. Punctuation generally accurate. Paragraphs show some unity. Style and tone fairly appropriate.
D 10 – 12	Language sufficiently accurate. Meaning comes through clearly. Patches of clarity seen when simple structures used. Mistakes creep in when complex structures are attempted. Adequate vocabulary but not so apt. Spelling errors when difficult words used. Inappropriate linkers may be used. Style and tone not always appropriate.
E 7-9	Sufficiently frequent errors hamper speed of reading but meaning never in doubt. Some simple accurate structures but accuracy not sustained. Limited vocabulary. Correct spelling of simple words. Paragraphs lack unity and incorrect use of linkers. Style and tone may not be appropriate.
U(i) 4 – 6	Frequent, serious errors but meaning fairly clear. High incidence of errors impedes reading. A few simple structures used accurately. Limited vocabulary. Frequent spelling and punctuation errors. On the whole lacks planning. Style and tone inappropriate.
U(ii) 2 – 3	Multiple errors that make the reader to reread and reorganise before meaning becomes clear. Whole sections may make little or no sense. Hardly any accurate sentences, maybe one or two. Vocabulary very limited.
U(iii) 0 – 1	Almost impossible to recognise as pieces of English. May make no sense at all. '0' is awarded only when no sense at all from beginning to end.

Section B : Continuous Writing Maximum : 50 marks

CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT

Grade	Mark Range	Descriptors
A	44 – 50	Language entirely accurate. Maybe occasional first draft slips. Varied sentence structures in length and type. Vocabulary wide and apt. Punctuation and spelling accurate. Paragraphs well-planned and well-linked. Topic addressed with consistent relevance. Interest aroused and sustained throughout.
В	38 – 43	Language accurate. Occasional errors are either minor or first draft slips. Vocabulary wide and used quite aptly. Sentences show some variation. Punctuation accurate. Spelling almost always accurate. Paragraphs show some planning. Interest aroused and sustained throughout most of the composition.
С	32 – 37	Language largely accurate. Accurate simple structures but errors may occur when more sophisticated structures are attempted. Vocabulary wide but not so apt. Tendency to use one type of structure giving a monotonous effect. Correct spelling of simple words but errors occur when spelling difficult words. Paragraphs may show some unity but links may be absent. Interest aroused but not sustained.
D	26 – 31	Language sufficiently accurate. Meaning clear. Patches of clarity when simple vocabulary and structures are used. Some varieties of sentence type and length. Adequate vocabulary. More spelling errors will occur. Paragraphs lack unity and planning. Composition lacks liveliness and interest value.
Е	20 – 25	Meaning never in doubt but errors hamper reading. Simple structures may be accurate. Limited vocabulary. Frequent mistakes in spelling and punctuation. Paragraphs lack unity. Partial treatment of subject matter.
U(i)	14 – 19	Limitation of subject matter due to lack of linguistic skills. Meaning fairly clear. Many serious errors, mainly of one-word type. Communication established but errors may cause blurring. Sentences simple and often repetitive. There may be no paragraphs.
U(ii)	8 – 13	Errors multiple in nature, requiring the reader to read and re- read before being able to understand. High incidence of error makes meaning blur. Maybe short of required number of words. Able to get some sense.
U(iii)	0 – 7	Script almost entirely impossible to read. Full of multiple-word errors. Whole sections may make little or no sense. Where occasional patches of clarity occur, marks should be awarded. "0" is awarded only if no sense at all from beginning to end.

6

PAPER 2

SECTION A

C 1 2 D 3 В 4 C 5 C 6 D 7 C 8 В 9 D **10** A В 11 **12** D A 13 14 В **15** A

SECTION B

Jelita Ostrich Show Farm **16 17** Pantai Road (near Seremban) 18 (former banker) S.S. Abraham no cholesterol **19** slow down the ageing process in any sequence **20** help relieve pain 21 the Health Ministry 22 23 ostrich chariot ride toured / visited South Africa 24 it is the largest farm in South East Asia 25

Note: Initial capital letter is mandatory for proper nouns

SECTION C

26	(a)	in the school yard / school Permissible Lifting: [The first timeand an impish smile. (lines 1 – 2) The pronoun 'I' must be changed to 'she'/ 'the writer'
	(b)	taller than her / the other girls were taller
27	(a)	on hair and clothes /(new) hairstyles and clothes Permissible Lifting: [all the girls and clothes].(lines 7 – 8)
	(b)	a family was having trouble with a death / she needed to spend extra time with the family of the deceased (Accept either one) Permissible Lifting: [I knew time with them]. (lines 13 – 14) The pronoun 'I' must be changed to 'the writer'
28	(a)	Mercedes (had tried ecstasy and) was in critical condition Permissible Lifting: [Mercedes, was critical]. (line 23)
	(b)	She vomitted. Permissible Lifting: [When Mercedesto vomit] (line 25)
29		A miracle Permissible Lifting: [Everyone prayedlife-support machine] (lines 34 -35)
30	(a)	Esctasy can kill. Permissible Lifting: [Esctasy is seencan kill too] (lines 38 – 40)
	(b)	Suggested answer: Do not make a bad decision that ruins life /

Don't be negatively influenced by friends [accept any other acceptable answers]

31 **SUMMARY**

Content (C) (maximum 10 marks even if all the points are given)

Style and Presentation (L)

 ${f C}: 10 \ marks \ {f L}: 5 \ marks$

Total : 15 marks

CONTENT POINTS

- 1) among the most popular in the crowd
- 2) loved to try out new hairstyles and clothes
- 3) well-liked (angel)
- 4) loved to shop
- 5) loved to socialise
- 6) boundless energy
- 7) adventurous
- 8) unconscious / never woke up
- 9) continued to have seizures
- 10) blood pressure sky-rocketed
- 11) had multiple heart attacks
- 12) brain scan showed no activity
- 13) placed on a life-support machine

SUMMARY: CRITERIA FOR STYLE AND PRESENTATION

Mark	PARAPHRASE	Mark	USE OF ENGLISH
5	A sustained attempt to rephrase text. Expression is secure. Allowance given for phrases / words lifted from text that are difficult to substitute.	5	Very occasional first draft slips. Language is accurate. Varied sentence structures. Use of original complex syntax. Punctuation and spelling accurate.
4	A noticeable attempt to rephrase text. Free from stretches of concentrated lifting. Expression generally sound.	4	Language almost always accurate. Isolated serious errors. Some varied structures. Sentences may include original complex syntax. Punctuation and spelling nearly always accurate.
3	Intelligent and selective lifting. Limited attempts to rephrase. Expression may not always be secure.	3	Language is largely accurate. Simple structures tend to dominate. Noticeable serious errors but not frequent. Sentences that show some varieties and complexities will generally be lifted from the text. Punctuation and spelling largely accurate.
2	Wholesale copying of text material, not a complete transcript of the original. Own language limited to single word substitution. Irrelevant sections more frequent.	2	More frequent serious errors but meaning never in doubt. Simple structures but accuracy not sustained. Simple punctuation and spelling of simple words largely accurate. Irrelevant or distorted details might destroy sequence in places.
1	More or less a complete transcript of the text. Random transcription of irrelevant parts of text.	1	Heavy frequency of serious errors. Fractured syntax. Poor punctuation and spelling. Errors impede reading.

Note:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Mark for P+Mark for UE} \\ \text{Mark for style and presentation} & \textbf{L} = & \\ \text{(Language)} & 2 & \end{array}$$

Example:
$$L = 3 + 4 = 7/2 = 3 \frac{1}{2} = 4$$

10

SECTION D

- 32 (a) poet's beloved / persona's beloved
 - (b) summer is too short / summer does not last
 - (c) By chance, or nature's changing course, untrimm'd;
 - (d) Yes, the words in the poem are beautiful No, I prefer to write her a love song

 Accept any logical reason
- 33 (a) the details were buried by years and years of prayer in a Christian church / an ancient memory
 - (b) Tiro and Nesta / Tiro and her sister, Nesta / Ramadi's wife, Tiro and her sister, Nesta
 - (c) The wailing of the women.
 - (d) Yes, because they're wiser No, they're not right all the time

Accept any plausible answer No marks awarded for a 'Yes' or 'No' answer without a reason

Guidelines for Marking Question 34

Response - 10 marks (Refer to the band descriptors for response)
Language - 5 marks (Refer to the band descriptors for language)

RESPONSE (10 marks)

Score	Band Descriptors
9-10	Response is relevant to the task specified and is well-supported with evidence from the text. Main and supporting ideas are relevant to the task specified. Ideas presented clearly, well-organised and easily understood.
7-8	Response is relevant to the task specified and is usually supported with evidence from the text. Main and supporting ideas are mostly relevant to the task specified. Ideas presented fairly clear, and easily understood.
5-6	Response is likely to be intermittently relevant to the task specified. The response is supported with some evidence from the text. Writing contains some ideas that are relevant to the task specified. Ideas presented generally clear and can be understood.
3-4	Response may be barely relevant to the task specified. The response is unlikely to have textual support. Writing barely contains ideas that may be relevant to the task specified. Ideas presented may be difficult to understand.
0-2	Has barely any understanding of the requirements of the task. Writes in a disorganised way. No coherence. Has no understanding of the task. Response provided in language other than English or no response.

LANGUAGE (5 MARKS)

Score	Band Descriptors
5	Apart from occasional slips, language is always accurate. Sentence structure is varied. Punctuation is accurate. Spelling is secure.
4	Language is almost always accurate. Unnoticeable serious errors may occur. Punctuation is accurate. Spelling is nearly always secure.
3	Language largely accurate. Simple structures tend to dominate. Noticeable serious errors may occur when more complex structures are attempted. Punctuation is largely accurate. Spelling is mostly secure.
2	Meaning is not in doubt. Serious errors become more frequent. Very simple structures used but accuracy is not sustained. Simple punctuation is usually correct. Spelling of simple words accurate. Irrelevant or distorted details destroy the sequence.
1	Heavy frequency of serious errors impedes reading. Fractured syntax is rampant. Punctuation falters. Spelling mostly inaccurate.